AA Appropriate Assessment

ABP an Bord Pleanála cm centimetre CO₂ Carbon dioxide

dBA A-weighted Sound Pressure level in decibels with a

reference level of 20 □Pa

DOE Department of the Environment (now DECLG)

DWT Dead Weight Tonnes

EIA Environmental Impact Assessment
EIS Environmental Impact Statement
EPA Environmental Protection Agency

 $\begin{array}{ccc} EU & & European \ Union \\ H_2S & & Hydrogen \ sulphide \\ HF & & High \ Frequency \end{array}$

hr Preferred dimension for hour

kg kilogram km kilometre

kW kilowatt, 1000 watts

L litre

LA Local Authority

 L_{day} The noise indicator for annoyance during the day period.

(07:00 to 19:00)

 L_{den} The 24 hour Leq calculated for an annual period, but with a 5 dB

weighting for the evening and a 10 dB weighting for night. Directive

2002/49/EC.

L_{ea} Shorthand for 'equivalent continuous noise level', which is a

parameter that calculates a constant level of noise with the same energy content as the varying acoustic signal being measured. The Leq is an energy mean of the noise level averaged over the measurement period and often regarded as an average level. It is good practice to state the time period over which measurements

were taken.

L_{evening} The noise indicator for annoyance during the evening period, (19:00

to 23:00)

LF Low Frequency

L_n Typically L10 or L90, A noise descriptor based on the % of the

measurement period for which a particular value was exceeded. L90 is typically reported as the background noise level, whereas L10 was used in the past as an indicator for traffic noise. As with Leq it is good practice to state the time period over which measurements

were taken.

 $L_{\text{ night}}$ The night time noise indicator for sleep disturbance during the night.

(23:00 to 07:00)

 L_pA Sound Pressure (A-weighted) in dB re 20 μ Pa. LpA (max) refers to a

maximum A weighted sound pressure level.

m metre

m³ Preferred dimension for cubic metre

 $\begin{array}{ccc} \text{mg} & \text{milligram} \\ \text{mm} & \text{millimetre} \\ \text{methane} & \text{CH}_4 \\ \text{Percent} & \% \\ \text{Percentile} & \%\text{-ile} \end{array}$

P_{ref} Reference sound pressure used to calculate a level in decibels, for air

the value is 20µPa and for underwater noise the value is 1µPa.

P_{rms} Root Mean Square, the RMS value of a fluctuating quantity
PTS Permanent Threshold Shift, the component of hearing absolute
threshold shift for a given listener is increased through noise

exposure that shows no recovery with time after the apparent cause

has been removed.

s Preferred dimension for second when combined in a dimension (e.g.

m3/s)

SAC Special Area of Conservation

sec Preferred dimension for second when standing alone

SEL Sound Exposure Level, a measure of the sound exposure in decibels.

On this scale 0db corresponds to a steady sound pressure whose root mean square frequency-weighted sound pressure equals the reference pressure (1µPa underwater), persisting for a reference time of 1 second. Sound Exposure level can be applied to single

events, as well as to noise of a continuing character.

SPA Special Protection Area

SPL Sound Pressure Level, at a given point is defined as SPL =

 $10\log 10(p_{rms}/p_{ref})2$

tonne Preferred for use in expressing mass greater than 1,000 kg

tpd tonnes per day

TTS Temporary Threshold Shift, the component of hearing absolute

threshold shift for a given listener is increased through noise exposure that shows a recovery with time after the apparent cause has been removed. Recovery usually occurs within a period ranging

from seconds to hours.

μg/L Preferred dimension for microgram per litre.

yr Year

24/7 Operating 24 hours per day on a 7 day week basis

μPa micro Pascals